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Vedant Public School

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[Ch:- 1, 2, 3, 4.]

F. A. 1 (2018-19)

VEDANT PUBLIC SCHOOL PRIMARY

⇒ Tick (✓) the correct option:-

(1) Which of these is the major means of transport in the Thar Desert?

A (a) Camel (b) horse (c) Elephant

(2) Which of the following is not a neighbouring country of India?

A (a) Myanmar (b) Bhutan (c) Canada

(3) How many states are there in our country?

A (a) 30 (b) 26 (c) 29

(4) What is the capital of Chhattisgarh?

A (a) Raipur (b) Puduchery (c) Daman

(5) India has _____ union territories.

A (a) 9 (b) 7 (c) 8

(6) What does the word 'Himalaya' mean?

A (a) The abode of snow (b) Himadri (c) Shivalik

(7) Where does the Mount Everest lie?

A (a) Bhutan (b) Nepal (c) China

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(8) Who was the first Indian woman to climb Mt Everest?

- A (a) Bachendri Pal (b) Santosh Yadav
(c) Ragini Kewhal

(9) The foothills of the Shivalik range are called the _____

- A (a) duns (b) Terai (c) marshes

(10) Which of the following river basins is located in the West?

- A (a) Narmada (b) Ganga (c) Satlyj

(11) The Bhakra Nangal Dam is located on the river _____

- A (a) Yamuna (b) Satlyj (c) Ganga

(12) Which of the following cities is situated on the banks of Yamuna?

- A (a) Delhi (b) Ludhiana (c) Kolkata

(13) The Thar Desert extends in the east to the border of _____

- A (a) Nepal (b) Bangladesh (c) Pakistan

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(14) Which of the following trees is common in the desert?

A (a) Oak (b) Pine (c) kikar

(15) A big _____ farm has been set up at Suratgarh.

A (a) Rice (b) Wheat (c) Maze

(16) Which animal is called the ship of the desert?

A (a) Camel (b) sheep (c) donkey

(17) The Thar Desert is _____ km long.

A (a) 700 km (b) 600 km (c) 800 km

(18) Dust storms collect sand and make sand hills are called _____.

A (a) Sand dunes (b) Mountains (c) desert.

(19) The river Yamuna joins the Ganga near _____.

A (a) Allahabad (b) Gangtok (c) Assam

(20) Rivers arise from big moving ice bodies, called _____.

A (a) Glaciers (b) Peaks (c) Mountain

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⇒ Match the following :-

(1) Mussoorie, Darjeeling - The Middle Himalayas

(2) Kolkata = Hugli

(3) Goa and Panaji = Panaji

(4) Oasis = a big pool of water

(5) Karakoram, Shiplila = Mountain passes

(6) Arunachal Pradesh = Itanagar

(7) Lucknow = Gomati

(8) Lakshadweep = Kavaratti

(9) Agra = Yamuna

(10) Nomads = tribal people

⇒ Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false.

(1) The northern plains of India are very fertile - T

(2) Dispur is the capital of Sikkim. - F

(3) India has 6 union territories. - F

(4) The Arabian sea lies in the west of India. - T

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(5) Bachendri Pal has climbed Mt. Everest twice. - F

(6) The foothills of Shivalik ranges are called duns. F

(7) Edmund Hillary was the first Indian to climb Mount Everest. - F

(8) The Ganga enters the northern plains near Allahabad. - F

(9) The rivers Hugli and the Padma are two branches of the Ganga. T

(10) Myanmar and Bhutan are our neighbouring countries. - T

⇒ Answer the following questions in one sentence (each question contains 1 mark)

① What is a peninsula?

A A large area of land surrounded by water on three sides is called a peninsula.

(2) Where do the Lakshadweep Islands lie?

A Lakshadweep islands lie in the Arabian sea.

(3) What is a union territory?

A A territory which is directly administered by the central government is called a union territory.

(4) Name any four peaks located in the great Himalayas.

A (1) Mt. Everest (2) Godwin Auster
(3) Kanchenjunga (4) Dhaulagiri.

(5) In which Himalayan range are duns or valleys located?

A Duns or valleys are located in the outer Himalayas.

(6) Which Indian states lie in the Satluj Basin?

A Punjab and Haryana lie in the Satluj Basin.

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(7) What is a plateau?

A A high land which is almost flat at the top is called a plateau.

(8) What is an oasis?

A The underground water comes to the surface and forms big pools at certain places. Such a place is called an Oasis.

⇒ Answer the following questions
[Each question contain 2 marks]

(1) Name any five union territories with their capitals:-

A Union territories Capitals

(1) Andaman and Nicobar = Port Blair Islands

(2) Dadra and Nagar Haveli = Silvassa

(3) Daman and Diu = Daman

(4) Lakshadweep = Kavaratti

(5) Puducherry = Puducherry

(2) What are glaciers?

A Glaciers are the moving ice bodies which, when move down

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to warmer regions, melt and give rise to rivers.

(3) Which are the main passes in the Himalayas?

A Some passes in the Himalayas are the Karakoram in Kashmir, the Shipkila and the Rohtang in Himachal.

(4) Which tributaries of the Ganga join it from the left side?

A Ghaghra, Gandak, Gomati and Kosi join the Ganga from the left side.

(5) What do you mean by delta?

A A triangular land piled up by the sediments of a river near the ocean is called delta.

(6) Name any four important cities in the Great Indian Desert

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① Jodhpur

② Bikaner

③ Jaisalmer

④ Udaipur